Federal Way Link Extension Seattle, Washington

New Starts Project Development (Rating Assigned November 2017)

Summary Description

Proposed Project: Light Rail Transit

7.8 Miles, 3 Stations

Total Capital Cost (\$YOE): \$2,165.47 Million (Includes \$109.3 million in finance charges)

Section 5309 New Starts Share (\$YOE): \$500.00 Million (23.1%)

Annual Operating Cost (opening year 2024): \$20.23 Million

Current Year Ridership Forecast (2014): 22,200 Daily Linked Trips

7,090,600 Annual Linked Trips

Horizon Year Ridership Forecast (2035): 40,700 Daily Linked Trips

13,034,600 Annual Linked Trips

Overall Project Rating: Medium-High

Project Justification Rating: Medium

Local Financial Commitment Rating: Medium-High

Project Description: The Central Puget Sound Regional Transit Authority (Sound Transit) proposes to extend the Link light rail from the Angle Lake Station in the City of SeaTac, Washington south through the cities of Kent, Des Moines, and Federal Way and terminating near the existing Federal Way Transit Center. The project is planned to be fully grade-separated. The project includes construction of three new stations as well as the purchase of 20 vehicles. Service is planned to operate 20 hours a day weekdays and 18 hours on weekends, with trains every eight minutes during weekday peak periods and every ten minutes during weekday off-peak periods and on weekends.

Project Purpose: The project is intended to relieve congestion, improve transit performance, and enhance mobility choice in southern King County for a significant transit-dependent population in the corridor. The existing roadway network in the corridor is constrained, with limited possibilities for expansion along the two major north-south highways through the corridor – Interstate 5 and State Route 99. Although there is extensive bus service in the corridor today, the buses are subject to the same travel delays as automobiles in the corridor.

Project Development History, Status and Next Steps: The project concept was originally included in the region's fiscally constrained long-range transportation plan in May 2010. Sound Transit completed an alternatives analysis in 2013. A Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) was published in April 2015. The project entered New Starts Project Development in September 2016. In November 2016, a Final EIS for the project was published and Sound Transit selected a final locally preferred alternative (LPA). FTA issued a Record of Decision (ROD) in February 2017. The LPA was adopted into the region's fiscally constrained long-range transportation plan in March 2017. Sound Transit anticipates entry into New Starts Engineering in Early 2018, receipt of a Full Funding Grant Agreement in early 2019, and the start of revenue service in 2024.

Locally Proposed Financial Plan		
Source of Funds	Total Funds (\$million)	Percent of Total
Federal: Section 5309 New Starts	\$500.00	23.1%
FHWA Flexible Funds (Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program)	\$13.00	0.6%
Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Funds	\$5.00	0.2%
Local: Sound Transit Dedicated Sales, Rental Car and Motor Vehicle Excise Tax Revenues and Bonds	\$1,018.00	47.0%
Transportation Infrastructure and Finance Innovation Act Loan Funds Repaid by Sound Transit's Dedicated Sales, Rental Car and Motor Vehicle Excise Tax Revenues	\$629.47	29.1%
Total:	\$2,165.47	100.0%

NOTE: The financial plan reflected in this table has been developed by the project sponsor and does not reflect a commitment by DOT or FTA. The sum of the figures may differ from the total as listed due to rounding.

WA, Seattle, Federal Way Link Extension (November 2017)

Factor	Rating	Comments	
Local Financial Commitment Rating	Medium-High		
Non-Section 5309 New Starts Share	+1 level	The New Starts share of the project is 23.1 percent.	
Project Financial Plan	Medium		
Current Capital and Operating Condition (25% of local financial commitment rating)	Medium-High	 The average age of the bus fleet is 6.2 years, which is younger than the industry average. The most recent bond ratings for Sound Transit, issued in November 2016, are as follows: Moody's Investors Service Aa1 and Standard & Poor's Corporation AAA. Sound Transit's current ratio of assets to liabilities as reported in its most recent audited financial statement is 5.8 (FY2016). There have been no service cutbacks or cash flow shortfalls in recent years. 	
Commitment of Capital and Operating Funds (25% of local financial commitment rating)	Medium-High	 Approximately 62 percent of the non-Section 5309 New Starts funds are committed or budgeted, and the rest are considered planned. Sources of funds include Federal Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula funds, Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement funds, USDOT Transportation Infrastructure and Finance Innovation Act loan funds repaid by Sound Transit general funds from its sales and use tax, motor vehicle excise tax, property tax and rental car tax, and Sound Transit general fund revenues and bond proceeds. All funds needed to operate and maintain the transit system in the first full year of operation are committed. Sources of funds include fares and Sound Transit general fund revenue. 	
Reasonableness of Capital and Operating Cost Estimates and Planning Assumptions/Capital Funding Capacity (50% of local financial commitment rating)	Medium-Low	 Growth in capital revenue assumptions is optimistic compared to recent historical experience. The capital cost estimate is optimistic. Regarding growth in operating revenue assumptions, farebox collections are reasonable and sales tax revenues are conservative compared to recent historical experience. Operating cost estimates are optimistic compared to recent historical experience Sound Transit has access to funds via additional debt capacity, cash reserves, or other committed funds to cover cost increases or funding shortfalls equal to at least 17 percent of estimated project cost and 19 percent of annual system wide operating expenses. 	

Federal Way Link Extension

Seattle, Washington

New Starts Project Development (Rating Assigned November 2017)

LAND USE RATING: Medium

The land use rating reflects population density within one-half mile of proposed stations, employment served by the line, and the share of legally binding affordability restricted (LBAR) housing in the station areas compared to the share in the surrounding county.

- The existing station area population density of 4,451 persons per square mile corresponds to a Medium-Low rating according to FTA benchmarks. Total employment served is 219,168, corresponding to a Medium-High rating. Parking costs in the Seattle central business district (CBD) are over \$20, corresponding to a High rating. The proportion of LBAR housing in the project corridor compared to the proportion in the county through which the project travels is 2.15, which corresponds to a Medium rating. However, the rating for this subfactor increases to Medium-High because over five percent of housing units in King County are LBAR.
- Existing development within the project corridor is primarily suburban residential. The corridor also
 includes the 17,000-student Highline Community College just west of the Kent/Des Moines station
 and a large, auto-oriented commercial area around the Federal Way Transit Center station, as well
 as smaller pockets of commercial retail developments.
- The street network in station areas does not have a clear grid structure, and most commercial buildings are separated from the street by parking lots. Sidewalks are generally in place along the arterials. Many of the local neighborhood streets do not have sidewalks.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT RATING: Medium

Transit-Supportive Plans and Policies: Medium

- Growth Management: State law requires counties and large metropolitan areas to designate urban
 growth areas, identify rural and resource lands for protection, and establish policies to guide local
 comprehensive plans. Regional and county planning policies seek to focus most projected growth in
 designated growth centers along transit lines and in larger cities, and to restrict infrastructure
 expansion in rural areas.
- Transit-Supportive Corridor Policies: The three corridor cities' plans encourage higher-density mixeduse development around two of the three project stations. Local plans also support improvements to pedestrian and bicycle facilities, though the pedestrian facilities slated for near-term implementation are concurrent to intersection widening projects along major arterial streets.
- Supportive Zoning Regulations Near Transit Stations: The mixed-use zones around the Kent/Des
 Moines and Federal Way Transit Center stations allow high densities with pedestrian-friendly design
 requirements. Zoning for the modest amount of developable land in the S. 272nd Star Lake station
 area is mostly low- to moderate-density residential. Minimum parking requirements are low in Kent's
 mixed-use zones and moderate in Des Moines and Federal Way's mixed-use zones.
- Tools to Implement Land Use Policies: Sound Transit and the three cities have undertaken outreach
 campaigns to the public and developers in support of transit-oriented development (TOD). Two cities
 offer a multi-year property tax exemption for multi-family residential developments in portions of their
 station areas, while developments in Federal Way's city center can forego environmental reviews.
 Sound Transit actively pursues TOD through joint development and sale of surplus land.

Performance and Impacts of Policies: Medium

- Performance of Land Use Policies: Redevelopment projects are underway around two other planned suburban light rail stations in the region that include mixed uses, higher development densities and a walkable form. Three recently completed projects in station areas, of which two are affordable housing developments and one is a mixed-use residential and retail development, demonstrate aspects of transit-supportive design. Two additional mixed-use projects are in design review stages.
- Potential Impact of Transit Investment on Regional Land Use: There are 120 acres of vacant land
 within the three station areas and significant opportunities for urban infill and conversion of parking
 lots in the Kent/Des Moines and Federal Way Transit Center station areas. The corridor has higher
 poverty rates than the region as a whole and near-term TOD interest is anticipated to be moderate.

Tools to Maintain or Increase Share of Affordable Housing: Medium

• King County and the cities of Des Moines and Federal Way have established low and moderate income housing targets, though local policies to meet these targets do not directly address the substantial need for housing affordable to very and extremely low income households. The state provides financing for affordable housing and King County is soliciting proposals to allocate \$10 million in affordable housing bonds in two project station areas. Two recent developments provided 104 affordable housing units and a further 250-unit development is planned.

